

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Public Library Board Addison Public Library Addison, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Addison Public Library (the Library) as of and for the year ended April 30, 2019, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Library's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the basic financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Addison Public Library, as of April 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements. The supplemental data and supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplemental data is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Library as of and for the year ended April 30, 2018, and we expressed unmodified opinions on those basic financial statements. The audit was conducted for purposes of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements as a whole. The schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual for each fund and the schedules of expenditures - budget and actual with comparative actual is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2018 basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of those basic financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which it has been derived.

Sikich LLP

Naperville, Illinois October 29, 2019

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ADDISON PUBLIC LIBRARY

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

Introduction

This discussion and analysis of the Addison Public Library's financial performance provides a narrative overview of the Library's financial activities for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2019. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented in conjunction with the financial statements as a whole.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Library exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$17,592,803. Of this amount, \$13,592,803 in unrestricted funds may be used to meet the Library's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Library's governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$15,497,774. Of this amount, \$12,420,295 is committed for capital projects, \$65,841 is committed for prepaid items in FY2020 and \$2,441,877 in unrestricted funds is available for spending at the Library's discretion. \$569,761 is restricted for special levies.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Library's basic financial statements include three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the financial statements

This dual focus on both the Library as a whole (government-wide) and the major individual funds allows the reader to broaden the basis for comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhances the Library's accountability.

Government wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Library's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. There are two government-wide financial statements: The Statement of Net Position and The Statement of Activities.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents information on all of the Library's assets, deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Library is improving or deteriorating.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing how the Library's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year.

Fund financial statements tell how services were paid for as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Library's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Financial Analysis

As noted above, net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following table indicates that in the case of the Addison Public Library, assets exceed liabilities by \$17,592,803. A large portion of the Library's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. building, books, furniture and fixtures, equipment, and improvements). The Library uses these capital assets to provide service to our patrons and consequently these assets are not available to liquidate liabilities or for future spending.

For the year ended April 30, 2019, the Library's net position increased by \$1,468,366. A complete comparative analysis is presented below.

Table 1
Statement of Net Position
April 30, 2018 and 2019

•	2018	2019
Current and Other Assets	\$ 19,424,236	21,000,102
Capital Assets, net of accumulated		
depreciation	\$ 3,089,394	3,094,762
Deferred Outflows	172,925	809,484
Total Assets	\$ 22,686,555	24,904,348
Current Liabilities	\$ 158,792	192,727
Noncurrent Liabilities	\$ 668,163	1,700,374
Deferred Inflows	\$ 5,735,163	5,418,444
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	\$ 6,562,118	7,311,545
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 3,089,394	3,094,762
Restricted for special levies	\$ 561,285	569,761
Unrestricted	\$ 12,473,758	13,928,280
Total Net Position	\$ 16,124,437	17,592,803

Governmental Activities

The governmental activities of the Library reflect the Library's basic services, including materials collections, reference and reader's services, programming, interlibrary loan and outreach services. The following table summarizes the revenues and expenses of the Library's governmental activities for fiscal years ended 2018 and 2019.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
Year ended April 30, 2018 and 2019

		2018	2019
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Fines and Fees	\$ \$	38,437	35,614
Intergovernmental	\$	101,039	<i>57,</i> 772
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$ \$	5,208,798	5 , 245 , 947
Investment Income	\$	(63,944)	462,837
Miscellaneous	\$	7,787	6,369
Total Revenues	\$	5,292,117	5,808,539
Expenses			
Culture and Recreation	_\$	4,107,016	4,340,173
Total Expenses	<u></u> \$	4,107,016	4,340,173
Change in Net Position	\$	1,185,101	1,468,366
Total Net Position, May 1	\$	14,939,336	16,124,437
Total Net Position, April 30	\$	16,124,437	17,592,803

Governmental Funds Analysis

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Library had an overall excess of revenue over expenditures.

Table 3
Statement of General Fund Revenues and Expenditures
Year ended April 30, 2018 and 2019

	2018	2019
Revenues		
Taxes	\$ 5,208,798	5,245,947
Fines and Fees	\$ 38,437	35,614
Intergovernmental	\$ 54,861	57,772
Investment Income	\$ (83,885)	450,922
Miscellaneous	\$ 7,787	6,369
Total	\$ 5,225,998	5,796,624
Expenditures		
Salaries and Benefits	\$ 2,684,741	2,708,775
Library Materials	\$ 581,1 <i>7</i> 0	608,491
All Other Operating Expenditures*	\$ 810,731	875,763
Total	\$ 4,076,642	4,193,029

^{*}Building insurance, general office supplies, processing costs, audit, utilities, professional fees, contractual services, program expenses, automation/technology, etc.

Capital Assets

The Library's investment in capital assets for governmental activities on April 30, 2018, net of \$1,891,715 of accumulated depreciation, was \$3,089,394.

The Library's investment in capital assets for governmental activities on April 30, 2019, net of \$1,822,804 of accumulated depreciation, was \$3,094,762.

Table 4
Capital Assets
Year ended April 30, 2018 and 2019

	2018	2019
Assets		
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 1,049,126	1,049,126
Operating Equipment	\$ 2,562,226	2,731,333
Office Equipment	\$ 1,369, <i>757</i>	1,137,107
Less – Accumulated Depreciation	\$ (1,891,715)	(1,822,804)
TOTAL (net of depreciation)	\$ 3,089,394	3,094,762

See Note 4 in the notes to the financial statements for additional capital asset information.

Table 5
General Fund Balances
Year ended April 30, 2018 and 2019

		Original	F' ID I .	0010 A	0010 4
Revenues		Budget	Final Budget	2019 Actual	2018 Actual
Taxes	\$	5,233,580	5,233,580	5,245,947	5,208,798
Intergovernmental	\$	50	50	57,772	54,861
Fines and Fees	\$	33,500	33,500	35,614	38,437
Interest Income	\$ \$	2,650	2,650	450,922	(83,885)
Miscellaneous	\$	7,000	7,000	6,369	7,787
Total Revenues	\$	5,276,780	5,276,780	5,796,624	5,225,998
Expenditures Culture &	\$				
Recreation	φ	5,226,284	5,226,284	4,193,029	4,076,642
Total Expenditures	\$	5,226,284	5,226,284	4,193,029	4,076,642
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$	50,496	50,496	1,603,595	1,149,356
Transfers (out) Capital Projects Fund	\$	(500,000)	(500,000)	-	(8,500,000)
Net Change	\$	(449,504)	(449,504)	1,603,595	(7,350,644)
Fun	d Bal	ance (beginning,	as reported)	\$1,473,884	
Fun	d Bal	ance (ending)		\$3,077,479	

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Addison Public Library's finances. Questions and comments concerning any information provided in this report should be addressed to Mary Medjo Me Zengue, Director, Addison Public Library, 4 Friendship Plaza, Addison, Illinois, 60101.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 15,624,660
Receivables (net of allowance where applicable)	
Property taxes	5,263,423
Prepaid expenses	65,841
Due from other governments	46,178
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	3,094,762
Total assets	24,094,864
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related items - IMRF	809,484
Total deferred outflows of resources	809,484
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	24,904,348
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	92,376
Accrued payroll	100,351
Noncurrent liabilities	
Due in less than one year	17,300
Due in more than one year	1,683,074
Total liabilities	1,893,101
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred revenue - property taxes	5,263,423
Pension related items - IMRF	155,021
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,418,444
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets	3,094,762
Restricted for special levies	569,761
Unrestricted	13,928,280
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 17,592,803

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended April 30, 2019

			P	rogr	am Revenu	ies		R	et (Expense) Levenue and Change in Jet Position
				0	perating		Capital		
		(Charges	\mathbf{G}	rants and	G	rants and	G	overnmental
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	 Expenses	for	Services	Cor	ntributions	Co	ntributions		Activities
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental Activities									
Culture and recreation	\$ 4,340,173	\$	35,614	\$	57,772	\$	-	\$	(4,246,787)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 4,340,173	\$	35,614	\$	57,772	\$			(4,246,787)
			eral Reven axes	ues					
			Property an	ıd rej	placement				5,245,947
		Inv	estment in	come	e				462,837
		Mi	scellaneou	S					6,369
			Total						5,715,153
		CH	ANGE IN 1	NET	POSITION				1,468,366
		NE	Γ POSITIO	N, M	IAY 1				16,124,437
		NE'	Γ POSITIO	ON,	APRIL 30			\$	17,592,803

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

April 30, 2019

		Capital	
	General	Projects	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 3,195,691	\$ 12,428,969	\$ 15,624,660
Property taxes receivable	5,263,423	-	5,263,423
Prepaid items	65,841	-	65,841
Due from other governments	 46,178	-	46,178
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 8,571,133	\$ 12,428,969	\$ 21,000,102
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 83,702	\$ 8,674	\$ 92,376
Accrued payroll	100,351	-	100,351
Total liabilities	 184,053	8,674	192,727
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	5,263,423	-	5,263,423
Unavailable revenue - grants	 46,178	-	46,178
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,309,601		5,309,601
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable in form - prepaid items	65,841	_	65,841
Restricted for special levies	569,761	_	569,761
Committed for capital projects	507,701	12,420,295	12,420,295
Unrestricted, unassigned		12,420,273	12,420,273
General Fund	 2,441,877	-	2,441,877
Total fund balances	3,077,479	12,420,295	15,497,774
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 8,571,133	\$ 12,428,969	\$ 21,000,102

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2019

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 15,497,774
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	3,094,762
Grant revenue appropriated by the state, but not yet issued to the local government are reported as deferred revenues at the fund level, but on the government-wide	
level they are reported as revenues	46,178
Deferred outflows of resources related to the Library's participation in IMRF are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	809,484
Deferred inflows of resources related to the Library's participation in IMRF are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	(155,021)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	
Net pension liability	(1,585,038)
Compensated absences are not a current liability and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds	(115,336)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 17,592,803

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended April 30, 2019

	General	Capital Projects	Total
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 5,245,947	\$ - \$	5,245,947
Intergovernmental	57,772	-	57,772
Fines and fees	35,614	-	35,614
Investment income	450,922	11,915	462,837
Miscellaneous	6,369	-	6,369
Total revenues	5,796,624	11,915	5,808,539
EXPENDITURES			
Culture and recreation	4,193,029	128,810	4,321,839
Total expenditures	4,193,029	128,810	4,321,839
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,603,595	(116,895)	1,486,700
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1	1,473,884	12,537,190	14,011,074
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$ 3,077,479	\$ 12,420,295 \$	15,497,774

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended April 30, 2019

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 1,486,700
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities	659,523
The change in the net other postemployment benefit obligation/asset is shown as a functional expense on the statement of activites	15,632
Depreciation in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds	(654,155)
The change in deferred outflows for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund is reported as an expense on the statement of activities	636,559
The change in deferred inflows for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund is reported as an expense on the statement of activities	371,950
The change in the net pension liability is reported as an expense on the statement of activities	(1,047,572)
The change in compensated absences is shown as a functional expense on the statement of activities	 (271)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,468,366

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

April 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Addison Public Library (the Library) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Library's accounting policies are described below.

a. Reporting Entity

The Library is a municipal corporation governed by an elected president and six-member board of trustees. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Library and any existing component units. Currently, the Library does not have any component units and based on criteria of GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, the Library has been determined not to be a component unit of the Village of Addison, Illinois (the Village).

b. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Library are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Funds are classified as governmental funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the acquisition or construction of capital assets (capital projects funds). The General Fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Library. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment, or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and standard revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for major governmental funds.

The Library reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Library's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Library, except those accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for capital asset acquisitions.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, usually 60 days. The Library recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available or earned in the year intended to finance. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes and interest revenue. Fine revenue is not susceptible to accrual because generally it is not measurable until received in cash. The Library reports unavailable/deferred revenue and unearned revenue on its financial statements. Unavailable/deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet the measurable and available or earned criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the Library before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the Library has a legal claim to the resources, the deferred inflow for unavailable/deferred revenue or the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

e. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value.

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit and other nonparticipating investments are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased and all investments of the pension trust funds are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

f. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Library as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

f. Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value or service capacity of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant, and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
D. H.F.	5.40
Building improvements	5-40
Operating equipment	3-5
Office equipment	5-30

g. Prepaid Items/Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items/expenses, if any.

h. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave, including related Social Security and Medicare, that is owed to retirees or terminated employees, is reported as expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it in the fund financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation leave of governmental activities at the government-wide level is recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits accrue to active employees.

i. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services transactions are accounted for as revenues or expenditures. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except interfund services transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

j. Fund Balances/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds can report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that are either not spendable in form or legally for contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities. None of the restricted fund balance result from enabling legislation adopted by the Library. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the Library's Board of Trustees, which is considered the Library's highest level of decision-making authority. Formal actions include resolutions and ordinances approved by the Library's Board of Trustees. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the Library's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated to the Library Director by the Library Board of Trustees. Any residual fund balance in the General Fund or deficit fund balance in other funds is reported as unassigned.

The Library's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending, the Library considered committed funds to be expended first following by assigned and then unassigned funds.

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. None of the net position is restricted as a result of enabling legislation adopted by the Library. Net investment in capital assets, represents the book value of capital assets less any long-term debt principal outstanding issued to construct capital assets.

k. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

1. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Library categorizes the fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Library maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments."

Deposits and Investments

The Library's investment policy authorizes the Library to invest in all investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes. These include deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States Government or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET), a not-for-profit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code and managed by a Board of Trustees elected from the participating members. IMET is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in IMET are valued at IMET's share price, the price for which the investment could be sold. The Library's investment policy does limit its deposits to financial institutions that are members of the FDIC system and are capable of posting collateral for amounts in excess of FDIC insurance.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The Illinois Public Treasurers' Investment Pool, known as The Illinois Funds, operates as a qualified external investment pool in accordance with the criteria established in GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, and thus, reports all investments at amortized cost rather than market value. The investment in The Illinois Funds by participants is also reported at amortized cost. The Illinois Funds does not have any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals. The Illinois Treasurer's Office issues a separate financial report for The Illinois Funds which may be obtained by contacting the Administrative Office at Illinois Business Center, 400 West Monroe Street, Suite 401, Springfield, Illinois 62704.

It is the policy of the Library to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Library and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, legality, safety of principal, liquidity, and rate of return.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned to it. The Library's investment policy requires pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance, at an amount not less than 110% of the fair market value of the funds secured, with the collateral held by the Library or an independent third party and evidenced by a safekeeping agreement.

Investments

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the Library's debt securities as of April 30, 2019:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)							
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	Greater than 10				
N 677	.		4 1.52.222 4		Φ.				
IMET	\$ 163,323	- 3	\$ 163,323 \$	-	\$ -				
U.S. agency obligations	9,482,203	914,397	8,567,806	-	-				
U.S. Treasury obligations	622,864	622,864	-	-	=				
Negotiable CDs	2,814,313	1,385,235	1,429,083	-	-				
TOTAL	\$ 13,082,708	3 \$ 2,922,496	\$ 10,160,212 \$	-	\$ -				

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the Library limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for short and long-term cash flow needs while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market.

The Library has the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2018. The U.S. Treasury Obligations are valued using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 inputs), the U.S. agency obligations and negotiable certificates for deposit are valued using quoted matrix pricing models (Level 2 inputs). The IMET 1 to 3 Year Fund, a mutual fund, is measured based on the net asset value of the shares in IMET, which is based on the fair value of the underlying investments in the mutual fund (Level 3 input).

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity. The Library limits its exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in external investment pools and U.S. agency obligations. The Illinois Funds and IMET are rated AAA. The U.S. agency obligations are rated AA+ and negotiable CD's are not rated.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. The Library's investment policy does not address this risk. The Illinois Funds and IMET are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the Library has a high percentage of its investments invested in one type of investment. The Library's investment policy requires diversification of investments to avoid unreasonable risk. No financial institution shall hold investments greater than 50% of its capital stock and surplus.

3. RECEIVABLES - TAXES

Property taxes for 2018 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2018 on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December 31 of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about May 1, 2019 and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, 2019 and September 1, 2019. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. As the 2018 tax levy is collected to fund the expenditures for the 2019-2020 fiscal year, these taxes are deferred as of April 30, 2019.

The 2019 tax levy, which attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, 2019, has not been recorded as a receivable as of April 30, 2019, as the tax has not yet been levied by the Library and will not be levied until December 2019 and, therefore, the levy is not yet measurable at April 30, 2019.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Balances May 1	Increases	Decreases	Balances April 30
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
None	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	-	-	
Capital assets being depreciated				
Building improvements	1,049,126	_	-	1,049,126
Operating equipment	2,562,226	608,491	439,384	2,731,333
Office equipment	1,369,757	51,032	283,682	1,137,107
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,981,109	659,523	723,066	4,917,566
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Building improvements	122,794	51,669	_	174,463
Operating equipment	966,523	512,445	439,384	1,039,584
Office equipment	802,398	90,041	283,682	608,757
Total accumulated depreciation	1,891,715	654,155	723,066	1,822,804
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,089,394	5,368		3,094,762
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 3,089,394	\$ 5,368	\$ -	\$ 3,094,762

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Culture and recreation

\$ 654,155

5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; illnesses of employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

6. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

a. Plan Description

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the Library provides postemployment health care benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and any employer contributions are governed by the Library and can be amended by the Library through its personnel manual. The plan does not issue a separate report. The activity of the plan is reported in the Library's governmental activities. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

b. Benefits Provided

The Library provides postemployment health care benefits to its retirees. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under the Library's retirement plan or meet COBRA requirements.

All health care benefits are provided through the Library's health insurance plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services; mental, nervous and substance abuse care; vision care; dental care; and prescriptions. Eligibility in library sponsored health care plans is discontinued upon eligibility for federally sponsored health care benefits. Retirees pay the full premium to continue in the plan, however the premium is a blended premium, not an age adjusted premium, which creates an implicit benefit as defined by GASB Statement No. 75.

c. Total OPEB Liability

Based on the size of the Library, the number of active plan members, the lack of any retirees participating in the plan and comparison of actuarial valuations for similar entities with similar benefits, the Library's total OPEB liability as of April 30, 2019 is immaterial and, therefore, not recorded by the Library and no further disclosure is deemed necessary.

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

The Library contributes, through the Village, to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. However, the Library's participation in IMRF is equivalent to a cost sharing multiple-employer pension plan since only one actuarial valuation is performed for both the Village and the Library combined. All disclosures for an agent plan can be found in the Village's comprehensive annual financial report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

a. Plan Description

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Administration

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members.

The Plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable. Investments are reported at fair value.

Benefits Provided

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with ten years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute.

Contributions

Participating members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual salary to IMRF. The Village and the Library are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund IMRF as specified by statute. The employer contribution rate for the calendar year ended 2018 was 10.51% of covered payroll. For the year ended April 30, 2019, salaries totaling \$1,552,447 were paid that required employer contributions of \$186,972, which was equal to the Library's actual contributions.

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

a. Plan Description (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

At April 30, 2019, the Library reported a liability of \$1,585,038 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Library's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Library's actual contribution to the plan for the year ended April 30, 2019 relative to the contributions of the Village, actuarially determined. At April 30, 2019, the Library's proportion was 8.88% of the total contribution.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Library's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of the same date using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Assumptions Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.39% to 14.25%
Interest rate	7.25%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00%
Asset valuation method	Market value

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Description (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

For nondisabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the Library contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the IMRF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was used to determine the total pension liability.

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Description (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended April 30, 2019, the Library recognized pension expense of \$225,566. At April 30, 2019, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF from the following sources:

	Oı	Deferred utflows of lesources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	88,127 197,276 474,152 49,929	\$	2,718 152,303	
TOTAL	\$	809,484	\$	155,021	

\$49,929 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from library contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the reporting year ending April 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to IMRF will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending April 30,		
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Thereafter	\$ 191,89 96,70 103,67 212,25	2
TOTAL	\$ 604,53	4

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Description (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability of the Library calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the Library's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	Current							
	1% Decrease (6.25%)	e Discount Rate 1% Incre (7.25%) (8.25%)						
	(6.26 /6)	(112070)	(0.2070)					
Net pension liability	\$ 2,741,033	\$ 1,585,038	\$ 630,031					

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended April 30, 2019:

	Balances May 1, Restated	Issuances/	Reductions	Balances April 30	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences Net pension liability	\$ 115,0 537,4	,		\$ 115,336 1,585,038	\$ 17,300
TOTAL	\$ 652,5	31 \$ 1,065,103	\$ 17,260	\$ 1,700,374	\$ 17,300

Compensated absences and net pension liability is retired by the Library's General Fund.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2019 (with prior year actual)

			2019				
		Original	Final				2018
		Budget	Budget		Actual		Actual
REVENUES							
Taxes							
Property taxes	\$	5,203,580 \$	5,203,580	\$	5,199,266	\$	5,143,872
Replacement taxes	Ψ	30,000	30,000	Ψ	46,681	Ψ	64,926
Intergovernmental		30,000	30,000		10,001		01,520
Per capita grant		_	_		46,178		28,683
E-rate		_	_		11,594		25,178
Other		50	50		11,574		1,000
Fines		10,000	10,000		9,426		10,157
Fees		23,500	23,500		26,188		28,280
Investment income		2,650	2,650		450,922		(83,885)
Miscellaneous		2,030	2,030		430,922		(03,003)
Other		7,000	7,000		6 260		7 707
Other		7,000	7,000		6,369		7,787
Total revenues		5,276,780	5,276,780		5,796,624		5,225,998
EXPENDITURES							
Culture and recreation							
Personnel		3,363,440	3,363,440		2,708,775		2,684,741
Library books and materials		659,300	659,300		608,491		581,170
General contractual services		106,500	106,500		92,150		85,844
Physical services		339,000	339,000		235,693		258,710
Automation		302,500	302,500		167,930		142,376
Professional services		53,350	53,350		22,648		24,441
Programs and communications		113,000	113,000		96,865		88,149
Other operating expenditures		206,050	206,050		160,140		158,395
Grants		27,644	27,644		44,677		4,609
Insurance		55,500	55,500		55,660		48,207
nisurance	-	33,300	33,300		33,000		40,207
Total expenditures		5,226,284	5,226,284		4,193,029		4,076,642
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		50,496	50,496		1,603,595		1,149,356
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers (out)							
Capital Projects Fund		(500,000)	(500,000)		-		(8,500,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(449,504) \$	(449,504)	:	1,603,595		(7,350,644)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1					1,473,884		8,824,528
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			-	\$	3,077,479	\$	1,473,884

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Four Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30,		2016	2017	2018	2019
Contractually required contribution	\$	176,277	\$ 181,921	\$ 194,765	\$ 186,972
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		176,277	181,921	194,765	186,972
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 1	1,364,411	\$ 1,380,687	\$ 1,523,741	\$ 1,552,447
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.92%	13.18%	12.78%	12.04%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuations as of December 31 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry-age normal; the amortization method was level percent of pay, closed, and the amortization period was 25 years; the asset valuation method was at smoothed market value, projected salary increases assumption of 3.75% to 14.50% compounded annually, and postretirement benefit increases of 3.00% compounded annually.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

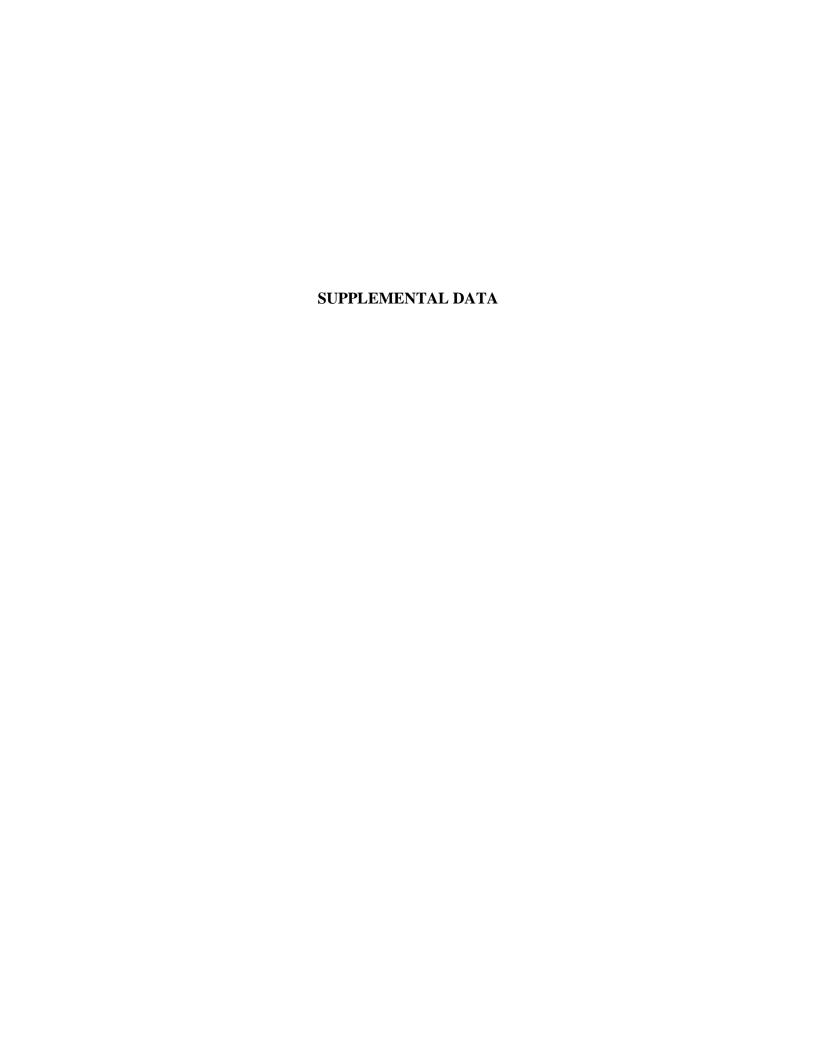
April 30, 2019

BUDGETS

The Library Board of Trustees has the authority to approve the budget for the General (Public Library) and Capital Projects Funds; the Village Board of Trustees passes the tax levy for the General Fund.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is prepared for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund by function and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. The proposed budget is presented to the Library Board of Trustees for review. This governing body holds public meetings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations. The budget may be amended by the governing body. State statutes and local ordinances require that the budget be approved before the beginning of the fiscal year.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. During the year, no supplementary appropriations were necessary.



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2019 (with prior year actual)

		2019		
	Original	Final		2018
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Actual
PERSONNEL				
Administrator and staff salaries	\$ 2,504,000	\$ 2,504,000	\$ 2,076,419	\$ 2,052,679
Employee benefits	428,440	428,440	345,531	351,525
Health insurance	430,000	430,000	286,205	280,462
Recruiting	1,000	1,000	620	75
Rectuling	1,000	1,000	020	
Total personnel	3,363,440	3,363,440	2,708,775	2,684,741
LIBRARY BOOKS AND MATERIALS				
Books - children	75,000	75,000	74,455	68,556
Books - adult	156,000	156,000	152,789	144,368
Periodicals	15,300	15,300	13,995	4,040
Online databases	185,000	185,000	141,802	156,444
E-Books	58,000	58,000	57,808	51,975
Other expenditures	170,000	170,000	167,642	155,787
Total library books and materials	659,300	659,300	608,491	581,170
·		,	,	,
GENERAL CONTRACTUAL SERVICES				
Legal fees	6,500	6,500	5,889	5,476
Collection agency fees	6,000	6,000	5,128	4,672
Equipment rental and fees	12,000	12,000	7,822	11,058
Accounting service fees	25,000	25,000	19,880	19,565
Payroll service fees	17,500	17,500	12,416	12,357
Audit service fees	7,500	7,500	7,950	6,694
Rebillable services	-	-	471	118
Contractual service fees	32,000	32,000	32,594	25,904
Total general contractual services	106,500	106,500	92,150	85,844
PHYSICAL SERVICES				
Utilities and maintenance	97,000	97,000	81,975	80,677
Telecommunications	73,000	73,000	29,920	38,199
Maintenance and repair	169,000	169,000	123,798	139,834
Total physical services	339,000	339,000	235,693	258,710
AUTOMATION				
System development	55,000	55,000	29,806	32,985
Innovative millennium maintenance	137,500	137,500	81,546	48,284
OCLS	15,000	15,000	13,858	13,452
Software/licenses	95,000	95,000	42,720	47,655
Total automation	302,500	302,500	167,930	142,376

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

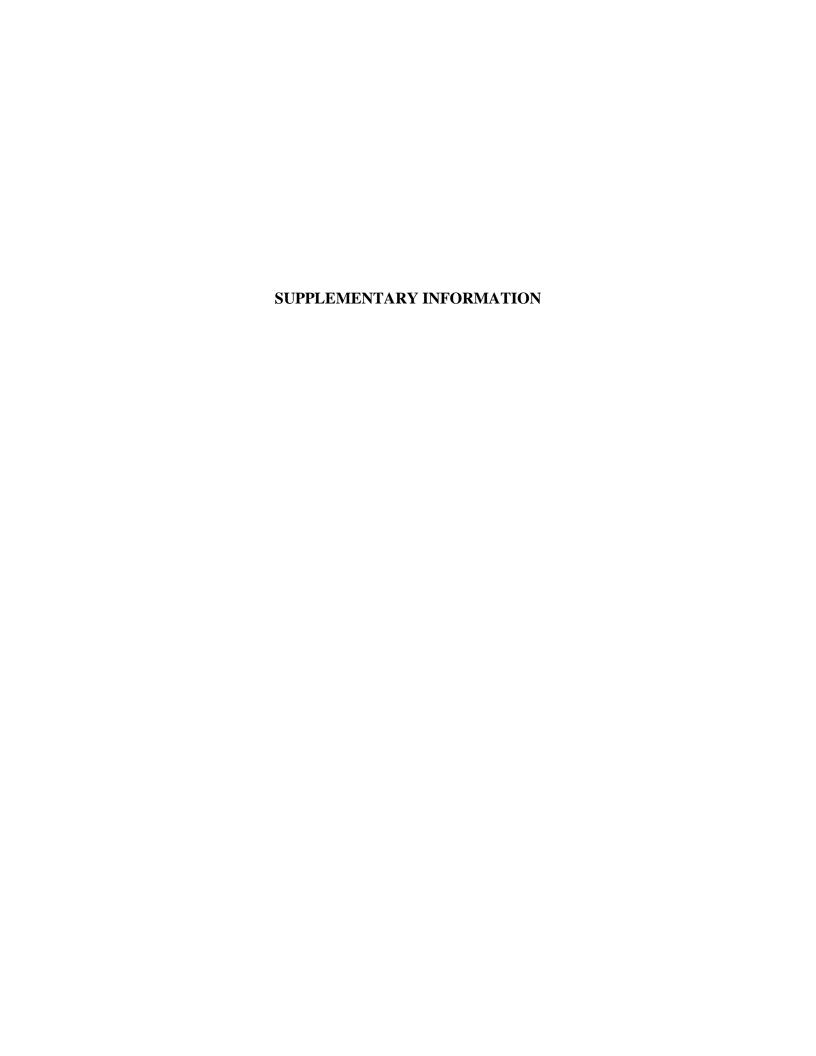
For the Year Ended April 30, 2019 (with prior year actual)

	Original		2019 Final		2018
	Budget		Budget	Actual	Actual
PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT					
Organization memberships	\$ 7,5	00	\$ 7,500	\$ 3,917	\$ 6,532
Programs and meetings	φ /,. 28,8		28,850	13,644	11,555
Travel	28,6 17,0		17,000	5,087	6,354
Havei	1/,(00	17,000	3,067	0,334
Total professional development	53,3	50	53,350	22,648	24,441
PROGRAMS AND COMMUNICATIONS					
Programming	70,5	00	70,500	59,644	59,176
PR/marketing	42,5	00	42,500	37,221	28,973
Total programs and communications	113,0	000	113,000	96,865	88,149
OTHER OPERATING EXPENDITURES					
Supplies	109,0	000	109,000	82,167	85,419
Hardware	65,0		65,000	58,408	53,379
Furniture/equipment	15,0		15,000	10,292	9,284
Reciprocal borrowing		-50	450	206	433
Recording for cable broadcast	3,6	00	3,600	3,600	4,500
Friends of the library	5,0	000	5,000	3,448	1,988
FUNshine committee	2,0	000	2,000	1,425	1,553
Contingency	1,0	000	1,000	13	25
Gifts	5,0	000	5,000	581	1,814
Total other operating expenditures	206,0	50	206,050	160,140	158,395
GRANTS					
Per capita grant	27,6	44	27,644	44,677	4,609
Total grants	27,6	44	27,644	44,677	4,609
INSURANCE					
Liability insurance	3,5	00	3,500	3,583	1,154
Unemployment compensation	10,0		10,000	11,562	6,681
Workers' compensation insurance	42,0		42,000	40,515	40,372
Total insurance	55,5	00	55,500	55,660	48,207
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 5,226,2	84	\$ 5,226,284	\$ 4,193,029	\$ 4,076,642

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2019 (with prior year actual)

	Original Budget	2019 Final Budget			2018 Actual	
REVENUES					_	
Investment income	\$ 12,000 \$	12,000	\$	11,915 \$	19,941	
Total revenues	12,000	12,000		11,915	19,941	
EXPENDITURES						
Culture and recreation						
Capital outlay	 185,000	185,000		128,810	3,465	
Total expenditures	185,000	185,000		128,810	3,465	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(173,000)	(173,000)		(116,895)	16,476	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in						
General Fund	 -	-		-	8,500,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (173,000) \$	(173,000)		(116,895)	8,516,476	
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				12,537,190	4,020,714	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30		_	\$	12,420,295 \$	12,537,190	



PROPERTY TAX ASSESSED VALUATIONS, RATES, EXTENSIONS, AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Levy Years

Tax Levy Year		2018		2017		2016	2015		
ASSESSED VALUATION	\$	\$ 1,194,498,063		1,141,152,957	\$ 1,061,279,248		\$	984,832,704	
	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	
TAX EXTENSIONS									
General library	0.4054	\$ 4,838,530	0.4199	\$ 4,789,575	0.4509	\$ 4,759,948	0.4684	\$ 4,591,846	
IMRF	0.0222	264,961	0.0229	261,208	0.0244	257,580	0.0261	255,865	
Social Security tax	0.0087	103,836	0.0090	102,658	0.0096	101,343	0.0078	76,465	
Audit	0.0007	8,355	0.0007	7,985	0.0005	5,278	0.0003	980	
Unemployment insurance	0.0002	2,387	0.0002	2,281	0.0004	4,223	0.0004	3,921	
Workers' compensation insurance	0.0017	20,290	0.0025	28,516	0.0023	24,280	0.0021	20,587	
Liability insurance	0.0021	25,064	0.0014	15,969	0.0001	1,056	0.0002	1,961	
TOTAL TAX EXTENSIONS	0.441	\$ 5,263,423	0.4566	\$ 5,208,192	0.4882	\$ 5,153,708	0.5053	\$ 4,951,625	
TOTAL COLLECTIONS		\$ -	=	\$ 5,199,266	=	\$ 5,143,872	=	\$ 4,937,082	
PERCENT COLLECTED		0.00%	=	99.83%	=	99.81%	= :	99.71%	

^{*} Property tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation.

:	2014		2013 2012			2011		2010	2009		
\$	955,289,150	\$	972,414,422	\$	1,045,262,655	\$	1,188,757,153	\$	1,302,337,989	\$	1,428,714,562
Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount
0.4514	\$ 4,300,419	0.4312	\$ 4,141,377	0.3894	\$ 4,015,509	0.3293	\$ 3,850,555	0.2908	\$ 3,702,888	0.2561	\$ 3,569,493
0.0260	247,698	0.0258	247,791	0.0221	227,896	0.0191	223,339	0.0147	187,182	0.0127	177,011
0.0160	152,430	0.0158	151,748	0.0151	155,712	0.0130	152,011	0.0112	142,615	0.0096	133,804
0.0003	2,858	0.0003	2,881	0.0004	4,125	0.0003	3,508	0.0004	5,093	0.0005	6,969
0.0005	4,763	0.0005	4,802	0.0004	4,125	0.0003	3,508	0.0006	7,640	0.0005	6,969
0.0014	13,338	0.0013	12,486	0.0012	12,374	0.0010	11,693	0.0008	10,187	0.0007	9,756
0.0032	30,486	0.0028	26,892	0.0030	30,936	0.0026	30,402	0.0036	45,840	0.0033	45,995
0.4988	\$ 4,751,992	0.4777	\$ 4,587,977	0.4316	\$ 4,450,677	0.3656	\$ 4,275,016	0.3221	\$ 4,101,445	0.2834	\$ 3,949,997
	\$ 4,713,494	=	\$ 4,567,919	:	\$ 4,409,027	:	\$ 4,253,596	=	\$ 4,093,183	:	\$ 3,938,570
	99.19%	.	99.56%	i	99.06%	i	99.50%	i	99.80%	i	99.71%

SCHEDULE OF RESTRICTIONS OF FUND BALANCE FOR SPECIAL LEVIES

April 30, 2019

Fund		Beginning Balances		Increases	D	ecreases	Ending Balances		
FICA	\$	140,065	\$	102,413	\$	158,559	\$	83,919	
IMRF		356,746		260,584		186,972		430,358	
Unemployment compensation		14,720		2,276		3,583		13,413	
Liability insurance		32,201		15,931		40,515		7,617	
Audit		(1,426)		9,391		7,950		15	
Workers' compensation		17,553		28,448		11,562		34,439	
TOTAL ALL FUNDS	\$	559,859	\$	419,043	\$	409,141	\$	569,761	